

Military Advisory Board., Major-General Otter., Major-General Lessard., Colonel Hendrie., & Colonel Lang. (Eds.). (1921). *Canada in the Great World War: An authentic account of the military history of Canada from the earliest days to the close of the war of nations* (Vol. 6: Special services, heroic deeds, etc.). Toronto, Canada: United Publishers of Canada, Ltd.

APPENDIX III

STATISTICAL ACCOUNT OF THE C.E.F.

THE total number of men enlisted in Canada from the beginning of the war to November 15th, 1918, was 595,441.

The details are:—

Obtained by voluntary enlistment.....	465,984
Drafted or reporting voluntarily after the Military Service Act came into force.....	179,933
Granted leave or discharged.....	24,933
Overseas Service other than C.E.F.:—	
Royal Air Force	21,169
Imperial Motor Transport	710
Inland Water Transport	4,701
Naval Service	2,814
Jewish Palestine Draft	42

The number of men of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who had gone overseas on November 15th, 1918, was 418,052.

The movement overseas by years was as follows:—

Before December 31st, 1914.....	30,999
Calendar year 1915	84,334
Calendar year 1916	165,553
Calendar year 1917	63,536
January 1st to November 15th, 1918.....	73,630

The distribution of Canada's troops was as follows:—

C.E.F. proceeded overseas	418,052
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On September 30th, 1918, about 160,000 men were in France and about 116,000 men in England.

On the strength of the C.E.F. in Canada and St. Lucia, including those under training as overseas reinforcements, Siberian Expeditionary Force, Canadian Garrison Regiment, Military Police Corps, Medical and Administrative Services, etc.....	36,533
On harvest leave without pay.....	15,405
Granted leave of absence without pay as compassionate and hardship cases	7,216
Number discharged in Canada who had not proceeded overseas for the following among other reasons: as below medical standard, absentees, aliens, to accept commissions, deaths, on transfer to British Army and Royal Air Force	95,306

The total casualties sustained by the Canadian Expeditionary Force, and reported up to January 15th, 1919, were 218,433. The details are:—

Killed in action	35,684
Died of wounds	12,437
Died of disease	4,057
Wounded	155,839
Prisoners of war	3,049
Presumed dead	4,682
Missing	398
Deaths in Canada	2,287
Total.....	218,433

The Canadians' longest line was in front of Vimy, probably one tenth of the British front.

In the closing days of the war they were continually used as spear-head troops, leading the attack at Amiens on August 9th, 1918, at Arras on August 26th, and on the Drocourt-Quéant Line (Hindenburg Line) on September 24th, 1918.